

**ECE560 Computer Systems Performance Evaluation
(Spring 2024)**

**Solution to Homework#2
(70 points)**

Problem #1. (20 points)

Problem 23 of chap 2:

Define events: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A: \text{go to the Jungle Cruise} \\ B: \text{ride the Monorail} \\ C: \text{take the Matterhorn ride} \end{array} \right.$

Then: $P(A) = 0.72$ $P(B) = 0.56$ $P(C) = 0.6$

$P(A \cap B) = 0.5$ $P(A \cap C) = 0.45$ $P(B \cap C) = 0.4$ $P(A \cap B \cap C) = 0.3$

(a) $P(A \cup B \cup C) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C) - P(A \cap B) - P(A \cap C) - P(B \cap C) + P(A \cap B \cap C)$
 $= 0.83$

(b) $P(B|A) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(A)} = \frac{0.5}{0.72} = 0.6944$

(c) $P(C|A \cap B) = \frac{P(A \cap B \cap C)}{P(A \cap B)} = \frac{0.3}{0.5} = 0.6$

Problem #2. (20 points)

Define Events

C: a car is a compact

U: US car

E: European car

J: Japanese car

$$P(U) = 0.5 \quad P(E) = 0.3 \quad P(J) = 0.2$$

$$P(C|U) = 0.15 \quad P(C|E) = 0.4 \quad P(C|J) = 0.6$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } P(C) &= P(C|U)P(U) + P(C|E)P(E) + P(C|J)P(J) \\ &= 0.15 \times 0.5 + 0.4 \times 0.3 + 0.6 \times 0.2 \\ &= 0.315 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b) } P(E|C) = \frac{P(C|E) \cdot P(E)}{P(C)} = \frac{0.4 \times 0.3}{0.315} = 0.380952.$$

Problem #3. (30 points)

Ex.

Sum	First die					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
6	7	8	9	10	11	12

$$P(A) = P(\text{1st die results in a } 1/2/3) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(B) = P(\text{2nd die results in a } 4/5/6) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(C) = P(\text{the sum of the two faces is } 7) = \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$A \cap B = \{(1,4), (1,5), (1,6), (2,4), (2,5), (2,6), (3,4), (3,5), (3,6)\} \Rightarrow P(A \cap B) = \frac{9}{36} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$A \cap C = B \cap C = A \cap B \cap C = \{(1,6), (2,5), (3,4)\} \Rightarrow$$

$$P(A \cap C) = P(B \cap C) = P(A \cap B \cap C) = \frac{3}{36} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\therefore P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(A \cap C) = P(A) \cdot P(C) = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$P(B \cap C) = P(B) \cdot P(C) = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\text{but } P(A \cap B \cap C) = \frac{1}{12} \neq P(A) \cdot P(B) \cdot P(C) = \frac{1}{24}$$

Therefore, events A, B, and C are pairwise independent, but they are not mutually independent!