

Solution to Hands-on Problems on Slide 16

(a) $m/m/1/N$ system with $N = 2+1 = 3$ (system capacity)
 $\lambda = 16/\text{sec}$ $w_s = 50 \text{ ms} \Rightarrow \mu = \frac{1}{w_s} = 20/\text{sec}$
 $= 0.05 \text{ sec}$

$$\alpha = \frac{\lambda}{\mu} = \lambda \cdot W_s = \frac{16}{20} = 0.8$$

$$\eta_0 = \frac{1-\alpha}{1-\alpha^{n+1}} = \frac{1-0.8}{1-0.8^4} = \frac{0.2}{1-0.4096} = 0.338753$$

$$\rho = 1 - \pi_0 = 0.661247$$

(b) $\lambda_{eff} = \lambda(1 - p_B)$

$$p_0 = \pi_1 = \pi_2 = \alpha^3 \cdot \pi_0 = 0.8^3 \cdot \pi_0 = 0.173442$$

$$\lambda_{eff} = 16 \times (1 - p_b) = 13.22493$$

(c)



rate in = rate out

state

0

$$\pi_1 \cdot \mu = \lambda \cdot \pi_0$$

1

$$\pi_0 \cdot \lambda + \pi_2 \cdot (\mu + \delta) = (\lambda + \mu) \cdot \pi_1$$

2

$$\pi_1 \cdot \lambda + \pi_3 \cdot (\mu + 2\delta) = (\lambda + \mu + \delta) \cdot \pi_2$$

3

$$\pi_2 \cdot \lambda = (\mu + 2\delta) \cdot \pi_3$$